## §40.2 Model privacy form and examples.

- (a) Model privacy form. Use of the model privacy form in Appendix A of this part, consistent with the instructions in Appendix A, constitutes compliance with the notice content requirements of §§40.6 and 40.7 of this part, although use of the model privacy form is not required.
- (b) Examples. The examples in this part are not exclusive. Compliance with an example, to the extent applicable, constitutes compliance with this part.

[74 FR 62916, Dec. 1, 2009]

## § 40.3 Definitions.

As used in this part, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) Affiliate means any company that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another company.
- (b)(1) Clear and conspicuous means that a notice is reasonably understandable and designed to call attention to the nature and significance of the information in the notice.
- (2) Examples. (i) Reasonably understandable. A bank makes its notice reasonably understandable if it:
- (A) Presents the information in the notice in clear, concise sentences, paragraphs, and sections;
- (B) Uses short explanatory sentences or bullet lists whenever possible;
- (C) Uses definite, concrete, everyday words and active voice whenever possible:
  - (D) Avoids multiple negatives;
- (E) Avoids legal and highly technical business terminology whenever possible; and
- (F) Avoids explanations that are imprecise and readily subject to different interpretations.
- (ii) Designed to call attention. A bank designs its notice to call attention to the nature and significance of the information in it if the bank:
- (A) Uses a plain-language heading to call attention to the notice;
- (B) Uses a typeface and type size that are easy to read;
- (C) Provides wide margins and ample line spacing;

- (D) Uses boldface or italics for key words; and
- (E) In a form that combines the bank's notice with other information, uses distinctive type size, style, and graphic devices, such as shading or sidebars, when you combine your notice with other information.
- (iii) Notices on web sites. If a bank provides a notice on a web page, the bank designs its notice to call attention to the nature and significance of the information in it if the bank uses text or visual cues to encourage scrolling down the page if necessary to view the entire notice and ensure that other elements on the web site (such as text, graphics, hyperlinks, or sound) do not distract attention from the notice, and the bank either:
- (A) Places the notice on a screen that consumers frequently access, such as a page on which transactions are conducted; or
- (B) Places a link on a screen that consumers frequently access, such as a page on which transactions are conducted, that connects directly to the notice and is labeled appropriately to convey the importance, nature, and relevance of the notice.
- (c) Collect means to obtain information that the bank organizes or can retrieve by the name of an individual or by identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual, irrespective of the source of the underlying information.
- (d) Company means any corporation, limited liability company, business trust, general or limited partnership, association, or similar organization.
- (e)(1) Consumer means an individual who obtains or has obtained a financial product or service from a bank that is to be used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, or that individual's legal representative.
- (2) Examples. (i) An individual who applies to a bank for credit for personal, family, or household purposes is a consumer of a financial service, regardless of whether the credit is extended.
- (ii) An individual who provides nonpublic personal information to a bank in order to obtain a determination about whether he or she may qualify